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SPECIAL RECOGNITION



TITLE: A RESOLUTION RECOGNIZING THE LIFETIME OF WORK AND ADVOCACY FOR ALASKA

NATIVE ISSUES OF CYNTHIA AHWINONA

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia Ahwinona was born on December 12, 1952 in Nome, Alaska. She was one of

four daughters to Jacob and Hannah Ahwinona. She was a tribal member of the Nome

Eskimo Community; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia worked on Capitol Hill for Sen. Mike Gravel and for Congressman Don Young for

a combined total of about 30 years; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia worked tirelessly on Native issues in Congress, including writing legislation,

listening to testimony and feedback from Alaska Native organizations, and conducting research. Her focus was on ANCSA amendments, Indian health care, ICWA amendments,

and appropriations for all Native programs; and

WHEREAS: She masterminded the development of the Indian Health Care and Self Determination

Act and worked for years to secure its passage, which finally became law shortly after she retired. She played a role in the reauthorization of the Native American Housing and Self Determination Act, which provides grants to tribes and tribal organizations for

housing; and

WHEREAS: She worked to secure funding for port improvements in Nome and to find ways to deal

with rapidly eroding shorelines that threatened several villages in the Bering Strait region. She improved awareness of the water and sewer needs of rural Alaska; and

WHEREAS: She fought for increased funding for the Violence Against Women Act and especially for

its Tribal set-asides. This funding provided support to the Alaska Native Justice Center;

and

WHEREAS: Cynthia was instrumental in the passage and funding for the Education through Cultural

and Historical Organizations (ECHO), which provided funding to the Alaska Native

Heritage Center and the Inupiat Heritage Center in Utqiagvik. She strongly supported the

notion of a Nome cultural center; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia oversaw delegation efforts to implement the Native American Graces
Restoration Act, which aimed to return Native bones and artifacts to the Native

communities that they were originally from; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia was an advocate for the arts and promoted indigenous artwork. She served on

the Board of the Institute of American Indian Art (IAIA) in Santa Fe, New Mexico. Along with Congressman Young, she advocated for the National Museum of the American Indian and proudly marched in full Tribal regalia in sweltering Washington D.C. heat

when it opened; and

WHEREAS: Cynthia gave up her life and comfort zone in rural Alaska for several decades to become

a voice for her people in Washington D.C. After retirement, she continued to work as an advocate, as a board member of the Nome Eskimo Community and the Norton Sound Health Corporation. She served as a director on the Koahnic Broadcast Corporation Board and was the Alaska region vice president for the National Congress of American Indians. In 2010, Cynthia received a National Impact Award from the National Indian Health Board for her efforts to improve Indian health.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual AFN Convention recognizes Cynthia Ahwinona and her many contributions to indigenous peoples across the United States and the Alaska Native community and Norton Sound region.

SUBMITTED BY: KAWERAK, INC

SUBSISTENCE



TITLE: A RESOLUTION TO PREVENT THE IMMINENT EXTINCTION OF COASTAL ALASKA NATIVE

PEOPLE'S STATUS RELATED TO MARINE MAMMAL HARVEST ELIGIBILITY

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The Indigenous people of Alaska have harvested sea mammals since time immemorial

for many uses that include food, clothing, art, regalia, and currency; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native people have well established trade and barter systems in existence for

thousands of years between coastal and interior people, such that all Alaska Native

People depend on and utilize marine mammal resources; and

WHEREAS: The Marine Mammal Protection Act was made law in 1972 and states that only coastal

Indians, Aleuts, and Eskimos are able to take marine mammals for subsistence or

handicraft purposes; and

WHEREAS: The Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) implementing the Marine Mammal Protection Act

of 1972 uses the original definition of "Native" established in the Alaska Native Claims

Settlement Act (ANCSA) of 1971; and

WHEREAS: In the CFRs, "Native" means a citizen of the United States who is a person of one-fourth

degree or more Alaska Indian (including Tsimshian Indians not enrolled in the Metlakatla Indian Community) Eskimo, or Aleut blood, or combination thereof, or originally enrolled

under Section 5 of ANCSA; and

WHEREAS: These regulations have divided Alaskan Natives into two categories of "Natives" and

"Descendants of and our descendants are Native and are the future generations of Alaska and should be ensured equal access and opportunity to marine mammal

harvesting "; and

WHEREAS: In 2016, Dr. Steven Langdon completed a Research Report titled Determination of Alaska

Native Status under the Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) at the request of the Sealaska Heritage Institute. That report showed that between 7/1/2006-7/8/2011 and 7/1/2011-7/8/2016, there was a significant increase in newly issued Certificate of Degree of Indian Blood (CDIB) to enrollees with less than ¼ blood quantum; and

WHEREAS: The percent increase of new enrollees with less than ¼ blood quantum varied significantly by region and increased for the period ending in 2016 that Calista increased 8.5% with 243 of 2,858 new CDIB's, Koniag increased 69.1% with 475 of 687 new CDIB's, and Sealaska increased 42.8% with 1,964 of 4,586 new CDIB's; and

WHEREAS: All coastal Alaska Native groups' status will eventually become extinct regarding marine mammal harvest eligibility without modification of existing criteria.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives pursue an amendment to 50 CFR by transferring the authority of determining harvest eligibility criteria to federally recognized Alaska tribes for management of marine mammals traditionally harvested in their region, rather than using the definition of "Native" under Section 5 of ANCSA. This authority would supplement rather than supplant the efforts of existing co-management bodies; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that tribes would therefore develop in-region management by establishing co-management agreements between an in-region co-management coalition or organization comprised of representatives of all or many tribes responsible for subsistence efforts and to develop statewide acceptable responses to an individual who might violate terms of management; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives prevent the future extinction of coastal Alaskans' way of life regarding marine mammal harvest eligibility by implementing this resolution immediately.

SUBMITTED BY: KONIAG, INC., SEALASKA CORPORATION, AND EYAK CORPORATION

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS WITH AMENDMENTS

BOARD ACTION: PASS WITH AMENDMENTS ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: AFFIRM THAT ALASKA NATIVE ANCESTRAL WAYS OF LIFE PROVIDE FOR HEALTH,

WELL-BEING, SOCIAL COHESION, ECONOMIC AND FOOD SECURITY, AND SPIRITUAL

EXISTENCE

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Natives have stewarded their territories for over 10,000 years to ensure the

health, wellbeing, social and cultural foundation, and spiritual existence of their peoples,

as well as that of the animals, lands, and waters since time immemorial; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Natives have provided governance and stewardship in recognition of these

responsibilities in such a profound manner that immigrants to Alaska beginning in the late 1700s could not even fathom this:" We have lived in places with such efficiency and grace that later people who have come to our homelands have considered them to be empty of human beings, and they've called this a wilderness because they didn't see us in those places. They couldn't imagine that a people could live so well in a land that it would appear untouched by them. And we live with the dilemma of that to this day." - Paul Ongtooguk (Inupiaq), remarks made at the Alaska Native Education Summit,

November 2001; and

WHEREAS: The hunting, fishing, harvesting, and gathering practices of Alaska Natives, including the

harvesting and sharing of fish, game, and other resources and the ceremonies which accompany these practices are year-round and essential to the physical, social, cultural, spiritual, and economic wellbeing and survival of the Alaska Native peoples and their unique village-hub-city systems and relationships across Alaska, and the diaspora of

Alaska Natives around the country and world; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Natives, through all of their governments, organizations, entities, and organizing

forums are the best people to make the decisions that impact their homelands, their activities and that of others within their territories, their cultures, ancestral ways of life,

and the lands, waters, and animals of their territories; and

WHEREAS: The intent of this resolution is to Be Good Relatives, ensure we are building up our

relationships and not further dividing us - our ancestral ways of life bring us together

and make us stronger; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Natives have the inherent right to exist as "culturally distinct societies of peoples", and integral to our existence is our relationship and stewardship of our homelands and ancestral ways of life - one cannot exist without the other; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Natives like all other human beings have an inherent right to eat and feed themselves for sustenance, for survival in times of hardships, and for in times of abundance. The Universal Declaration of Human Rights declares: "Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food;" and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native stewardship and management continues despite mostly non-inclusion in any real meaningful ways with the federal and state management system which has and continues to fail Alaska Natives peoples despite Congressional intent, the Alaska National Interest Lands Conservation Act (ANILCA), the Federal Trust Responsibility, and more, in profoundly inequitable and unjust ways, strangling our ancestral ways of life and keeping our well-being tied up in the balance. This failure manifests in many ways such as dire social statistics and increased law enforcement against Native peoples criminalizing us over hunting and fishing issues, but none the least of which is through non-utilization, non-strengthening, undermining through multiple bureaucratic and political methods, and actual diminishment of the vital government-to-government relationship with the Tribes of Alaska; and

WHEREAS: The United States Congress invoked its constitutional authority over Native affairs, under the property clause, and the commerce clause to protect and provide the opportunity for continued subsistence uses on federal public lands and Alaska Native lands by Alaska Natives in 1980 in ANILCA, and this has continued to fail or protect Alaska Natives and our ancestral ways of life, and especially in light of the global COVID-19 pandemic this can no longer be allowed as it very much endangers our individual lives and our existence as peoples to be separated from our foods, our stewardship, and management practices and our ceremonies, and this endangerment can no longer be tolerated.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives assert and affirm that we as Alaska Natives will continue to steward our lands, ensure the practice of our ancestral ways of life, and provide for the health, wellbeing, cultural foundation, spiritual existence, and food security of our peoples as we have for over 10,000 years; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that Alaska Natives do not seek the permission of external governments to provide for the wellbeing of our peoples; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives stand together, organize, and unify to do what is necessary to resolve this long-standing issue of federal and state interference in the management of our homelands – of our hunting, fishing, harvesting, gathering, sharing, and ceremony, as well as our relationships with our animal relatives; It is not theirs to control, it is ours to live; so let us affirm that we will no longer tolerate federal and state mismanagement

and that we will do what is necessary to stop the criminalization of our peoples for living our ancestral ways of life and effectuate a comprehensive fix to the current federal and state regime that is so harmful to our peoples and our ancestral ways of life.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA CORPORATION

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: CALLING FOR A FIELD HEARING ON THE STATE OF SALMON

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Healthy and abundant salmon stocks are essential for the nutritional, cultural, and

economic well-being of Alaska Native people; and

WHEREAS: The salmon resources that return every year provide for a unique subsistence way of life

and are essential for food security and for providing a modest commercial fishing

economic base that supports families throughout the year; and

WHEREAS: Our rivers have experienced fisheries disasters and community economic hardship many

times over the last thirty years, including the recent summer of 2020, which was characterized by the Alaska Department of Fish and Game as one of the worst salmon

seasons in decades; and

WHEREAS: The current summer of 2021 was without a single opening on the Yukon River and poor

runs in other rivers; and

WHEREAS: The State of Alaska has requested 2020 and 2021 federal commercial and subsistence

fisheries disaster declarations on March 8, 2021, and September 14, 2021; and

WHEREAS: To date, the U.S. Department of Commerce has taken no action on these disaster

requests.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives urge the Alaska Congressional Delegation to support the State of

Alaska's Department of Commerce disaster declaration requests: and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the Alaska Federation of Natives works to arrange a

field hearing with the Congressional Delegation to discuss the State of Salmon in Alaska.

SUBMITTED BY: ASSOCIATION OF VILLAGE COUNCIL PRESIDENTS

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

CONVENTION ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: SUPPORT FOR EXPEDITION OF FISHERY DISASTER DECLARATIONS AND FUNDING

DISBURSEMENTS

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Fish are vital to the cultural, nutritional, and economic well-being of Alaska

Natives, essential to their cultural heritage, food security, and economic

livelihoods; and

WHEREAS: Many Alaska communities and their Alaska Native residents are economically

dependent on the local commercial fisheries; and

WHEREAS: Recent fishery disasters have disproportionately affected Alaska Native people,

particularly in the Chignik and Yukon River areas, where the population is nearly 100%

reliant on salmon for economic and subsistence purposes; and

WHEREAS: The affected communities are suffering great economic hardships as their

residents have been unable to provide for their basic human needs, such as home

heating fuel, electricity, groceries, gasoline, and other expenses; and

WHEREAS: The impact of these fishery disasters is beyond the capacity of the local community

and tribal governments to manage or mitigate and extends to every person who

resides in the affected communities; and

WHEREAS: Fishery disaster relief funding under the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and

Management Act is essential to the economic survival of these communities and their

residents; and

WHEREAS: Fishery disaster relief funding is taking far too long to be disbursed; case in point, the

Chignik communities of the Alaska Peninsula are still waiting for disbursements from

the fishery disaster funds related to a 2018 salmon fishery disaster declaration; and

WHEREAS: AFN can be an integral part of bringing all community and tribal voices together to

streamline the disaster application, declaration, and distribution processes on both the

state and federal levels.

 ${\bf NOW\ THEREFORE\ BE\ IT\ RESOLVED\ that\ for\ the\ foregoing\ reasons,\ the\ membership\ of\ the\ Alaska}$

Federation of Natives demands that:

- (a) the United States Department of Commerce expedites decisions on all pending fishery disaster declaration requests from Alaska; and
- (b) the State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game reduces the amount of time it takes to develop spending plans for the funds allocated for fishery disaster relief; and
- (c) the United States Department of Commerce and State of Alaska Department of Fish and Game work together to get fishery disaster relief funds disbursed to impacted communities, Tribes, and residents more quickly; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives hereby authorize AFN staff to take such actions to effectuate the intent of this resolution and provides support to advocate for the expedition of fishing disaster declarations and funding disbursements.

SUBMITTED BY: BRISTOL BAY NATIVE CORPORATION

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

HEALTH, SAFETY, AND WELFARE



TITLE: SUPPORTING EXTENSION OF THE DEADLINE TO USE CARES ACT CORONAVIRUS RELIEF

FUNDS

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native cultures developed rich and enduring societies and economies around the

harvest and utilization of natural resources that have sustained us through thousands of

years; and

WHEREAS: Many Alaska Tribes and organizations could benefit from an extension of the deadline

touse Coronavirus Relief Funds of the CARES Act; and

WHEREAS: Many Alaska Native people could not access Coronavirus Relief Funds until after the

USSupreme Court ruled in late June 2021, over 15 months from the start of the

COVID-19 pandemic; and

WHEREAS: An extension of the deadline requires no new distribution of federal funds, just

additional time to provide critical assistance to Alaska Native peoples, families, and

communities as the COVID-19 pandemic rages on.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives call on the US Congress to support at least a one-year extension of

the CARES Act Coronavirus Relief Fund deadline; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of

Natives request the Alaska Congressional Delegation to support AFN Resolution 21-06 as

outlined above.

SUBMITTED BY: KONIAG, INC COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: PROMOTING THE MENTAL HEALTH OF INDIGENOUS YOUTH

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The First Alaskans Institute Elders & Youth Conference is the largest statewide convening

of Alaska Native Elders and youth representing our diverse Alaska Native cultures and language groups in order to enhance and perpetuate the unique spirits and identities of

our peoples; and

WHEREAS: The purpose of the Conference is to connect Elders and youth for cultural knowledge

transmission, strengthen statewide relationships, amplify the power of our participants as leaders today, and advance solutions to challenges faced by our Native peoples and

our communities; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native youth face one of the highest rates of suicide and have mental health

disparities that need to be addressed urgently, and a substantial amount of Alaska Native youth in foster homes need access to these services which will also help

supplement the requirements of the Indian Child Welfare Act; and

WHEREAS: Culturally relevant and respectful programs are needed to address the unmet needs of

at-risk Native youth, including addressing Native youth suicide prevention and

intervention, and providing culturally appropriate resources and materials that address

suicide, substance abuse prevention, and promote mental health among youth.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, by the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives that the Alaska Tribal Health System and all of its connected entities implement and create Indigenous themed, culturally responsive telehealth programs for promoting and supporting the mental health of youth as well as increasing the number of tribal counselors in public schools, health consortiums, and for Native

foster homes.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: DAY FOR TRUTH AND RECONCILIATION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: generations of Alaska Native, Native American, and Native Hawaiian children stolen from

their homes and forced into more than 350 boarding schools established by the Indian Civilization Act of 1819 to "kill the Indian and save the man" by isolating them from their

Native cultures and families; and

WHEREAS: the first boarding school in Alaska was established in Sitka in 1878 by Presbyterian

missionaries; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native children were sent to schools outside of Alaska; and

WHEREAS: the goal of many educators at the time of mandatory boarding schools was assimilate

Indigenous children into the dominant culture by inflicting brutal punishment on them

for speaking their languages and practicing their cultures; and

WHEREAS: children suffered horrific physical, cultural, spiritual, and sexual abuse and neglect at the

hands of their caretakers and teachers while attending mandatory boarding schools; and

WHEREAS: the pain inflicted by this cultural genocide is passed down from generation to generation

and is reflected across the state in Alaskans' heartbreaking struggles with suicide, drug

and alcohol abuse and violence; and

WHEREAS: the effects of mandatory Indian boarding schools are not the past and will not soon be

forgotten, because survivors and their families are healing from the trauma of boarding

school experiences; and

WHEREAS: for almost two centuries, the legacy of Indian boarding schools has remained a silent

chapter in America's past and written out of history books; and

WHEREAS: U.S. Interior Secretary Deb Haaland announced that the United States government will

finally review our nation's shameful history of Indian boarding schools; and

WHEREAS: this unprecedented initiative will uncover the truth about the loss of human life and the

lasting consequences of boarding schools and forced assimilation; and

- WHEREAS: Orange Shirt Day was created by Canadian boarding school survivor, Phyllis Webstad, who had her new orange shirt taken away on her first day of boarding school; and
- WHEREAS: The orange shirt is a symbol that every child matters and honors boarding school survivors and Indigenous children who never returned home.
- NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual AFN Convention hereby recognizes and firmly supports joining Canada in observing the Day for Truth and Reconciliation to honor the lost children who never returned home and survivors of boarding schools, their families and Indigenous communities; and
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives actively seek state and federal legislation that solidifies in law September 30th as Day for Truth and Reconciliation; and
- BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that AFN and AFN delegates will promote and communicate the Day for Truth and Reconciliation throughout our communities and encourage all Alaskans to wear an orange shirt to honor the ongoing legacy of boarding schools in Alaska, the United States, and colonized nations around the world so that we can work together to create a future that we're all proud to embrace.

SUBMITTED BY: TANANA CHIEFS CONFERENCE COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMEND TO PASS BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: URGING THE SENATE INTRODUCE AND PASS THE REAUTHORIZATION OF THE VIOLENCE

AGAINST WOMEN ACT IN THE 117TH LEGISLATIVE SESSION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The House of Representatives passed the reauthorization of the Violence Against

Women Act of 1994, H.R. 1620, in March 2021, including Title IX Safety for Indian

Women; and

WHEREAS: The Senate has not introduced the bill, and thus has not passed the Reauthorization of

the Violence Act of 1994, despite the overwhelming need for this legislation and the

grant programs contained within; and

WHEREAS: American Indians and Alaska Natives are 2.5 times as likely to experience violent

crimes—and at least 2 times more likely to experience rape or sexual assault

crimes—compared to all other races. More than 4 in 5 American Indian and Alaska

Native women, or 84.3 percent, have experienced violence in their lifetime; and

WHEREAS: According to the Tribal Law and Order Act Commission Report, Alaska Native women

areover-represented in the domestic violence victim population by 250 percent; they comprise 19 percent of Alaska's population but are 47 percent of reported rape victims in the State. And among other Indian Tribes, Alaska Native women suffer the highest

rates of domestic and sexual violence in the country; and

WHEREAS: H.R. 1620, included a pilot project to allow up to five Indian Tribes in Alaska to

implement special Tribal criminal jurisdiction, an effort to better hold abusers accountable and increase safety particularly in the rural Native villages; and

WHEREAS: The Violence Policy Center reports that Alaska is ranked first among states with the

highest homicide rates of women by men and is the most violent state, with Anchorage

as the most violent city within the Union; and

WHEREAS: In 2013, during the Congressional debates to reauthorize the Violence Against Women's

Act, United Nations human rights officials came together and released a public statement calling on the United States to act promptly to pass key reforms to the

Violence Against Women Act that bolster indigenous tribes; that the continued jurisdictional gaps, especially those in Alaska, are an escalating human rights crisis; and

WHEREAS: State of Alaska, like the federal government, has failed in providing for public safety in Alaska Native villages as according to the Tribal Law and Order Commission Report, about 40% of Native communities' lack law enforcement; and

WHEREAS: Most of the Alaska Native villages are located in remote areas that are often inaccessible by road and have no local law enforcement presence. The Tribal Law and Order Commission found that "Alaska Department of Public Safety (ADPS) officers have primary responsibility for law enforcement in rural Alaska, but ADPS provides for only 1.0-1.4 field officers per million acres."; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native communities are in dire need of the provisions within the Reauthorization of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 as passed by the House of Representatives in March 2021.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives hereby urge the Senate to introduce and pass a reauthorization of the Violence Against Women's Act consistent with the terms of H.R. 1620 to include the Alaska specific provisions and Title IX, and resources to fully implement the provisions to help with the health, safety, and welfare of Alaska Native communities.

SUBMITTED BY: NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKIAK

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: URGING THE STATE OF ALASKA TO PROVIDE AN UPDATE ON UNTESTED RAPE KITS AND

OTHER RELATED INFORMATION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Traditionally, American Indians and Alaska Natives ("Indigenous") women were

respected and held sacred within their Nations; and

WHEREAS: Colonization eroded the sacred status of Indigenous women, dehumanizing and

destroying their original protections within their Nations, which resulted in Indigenous women suffering disproportionate rates and multiple forms of violence, including

murder; and

WHEREAS: A 2016 study from the National Institute of Justice found that American Indian and

Alaska Native (AI/AN) women experience rates of violence far exceeding rates in other populations, as 56.1% have experienced sexual violence, 55.5% have experienced physical violence by an intimate partner, 48.8% have experienced stalking, and 66.4%

have experienced psychological aggression by an intimate partner; and

WHEREAS: A ProPublica Article from December 2020 found that as of that date, after spending

three years and \$1.5 million to test 568 kits and review the results, Alaska has filed only

one new criminal charge; and

WHEREAS: The federal Bureau of Justice Assistance began the Sexual Assault Kit Initiative in 2015

under President Barack Obama. The money was intended not only to clear existing backlogs but to help state and county leaders come up with ways to avoid future ones;

and

WHEREAS: The state of Alaska has failed in testing all kits and prosecuting responsible individuals;

and

WHEREAS: A 2016 study from the National Institute for Justice (NIJ), found that approximately 56%

of Native women experience sexual violence within their lifetime, with 1 in 7

experiencing it in the past year; and

WHEREAS: Native victims of sexual violence are three times as likely to have experienced sexual violence by an interracial perpetrator as non-Hispanic White victims.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives calls on the State of Alaska to report on the number of outstanding untested rape kits, identify a process for completing the rest of the untested kits, provide a report on the results of prosecutions and identifying the perpetrators, detail a plan to provide sufficient resources to test all kits within 6 months of an alleged assault and collection, and the number of overall victims and the number of Alaska Native and American Indian victims.

SUBMITTED BY: NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKIAK

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: URGING CONGRESS TO PASS THE REAUTHORIZATION OF THE FAMILY VIOLENCE

PREVENTION AND SERVICES IMPROVEMENT ACT (FVPSA) IN THE 117TH LEGISLATIVE

SESSION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Traditionally, American Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiian ("Indigenous")

women were respected and held sacred within their Nations; and

WHEREAS: Colonization eroded the sacred status of Indigenous women, dehumanizing and

destroying their original protections within their Nations, which resulted in Indigenous women suffering disproportionate rates and multiple forms of violence, including

murder; and

WHEREAS: A 2016 study from the National Institute of Justice found that American Indian and

Alaska Native (AI/AN) women experience rates of violence far exceeding rates in other populations, as 56.1% have experienced sexual violence, 55.5% have experienced physical violence by an intimate partner, 48.8% have experienced stalking, and 66.4%

have experienced psychological aggression by an intimate partner; and

WHEREAS: American Indians are overrepresented in domestic violence and sexual assault statistics,

with some statistics showing that Alaska Natives are victimized at twice the national

average; and

WHEREAS: The Indian Law and Order Commission's 2013 report noted that, Alaska Native women

are over-represented in the domestic violence victim population by 250 percent as they comprise only 19 percent of the population, but 47 percent of reported rape victims;

and

WHEREAS: The Hawaii State Commission on the Status of Women and Arizona State University

released three reports from 2018 to 2020 and among the findings are that 64% of

survivors identified as being part Native Hawaiian; and

WHEREAS: The current spectrum of violence against Indigenous women is intertwined with

systemic barriers embedded within the U.S. federal government, which developed as

the U.S. seized the homelands and natural resources of Indigenous peoples, forcibly

removed and relocated them, and created living conditions where Indigenous women are vulnerable to violence; and

WHEREAS:

To fully address the current crisis of violence against Indigenous women, these systemic barriers must be removed, additional domestic violence resource centers must be created, resources must be provided, and the sacred status of Indigenous women restored.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual AFN Convention support codifying an Alaska Native Tribal Resource Center on Domestic Violence and a Native Hawaiian Resource Center on Domestic Violence in the reauthorization of the Family Violence Prevention and Services Improvement Act of 2021 (FVPSA); and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives support additional funding in the reauthorization of FVPSA to support a Alaska Native Tribal Resource Center on Domestic Violence and a Native Hawaiian Resource Center on Domestic Violence.

SUBMITTED BY: NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKIAK

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: IN SUPPORT OF INCREASED FUNDING FOR THE ALASKA TRIBAL CHILD WELFARE

COMPACT

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native children are disproportionately represented in Alaska's child welfare

system, making up 15% of the state's general population, but constituting 65% of

children in State custody; and

WHEREAS: The State of Alaska, Office of Children's Services (OCS) has a difficult time recruiting and

retaining a proficient workforce and generally operates at a 50% positional vacancy rate, requiring its frontline workers to carry caseloads more than three times the national

average; and

WHEREAS: AFN supports the ongoing work of the Alaska Tribal Child Welfare Compact (the

Compact), the goal of which is to transform child welfare by improving the life and outcomes of Alaska Native children in OCS custody at a lower cost and higher quality;

and

WHEREAS: The Compact enables Tribes and Tribal organizations to provide services, that are

currently the responsibility of OCS, to Native children and families; and

WHEREAS: Compact funding has remained flat over the last three fiscal years, even as Tribal

Co-signers to the Compact are routinely asked to do more with less; and

WHEREAS: Tribal Co-signers must supplement Compact work with general funds or funding from

other programs; may have to reduce the amount of services they can provide under the Compact; and have difficulty recruiting and retaining staff with competitive and livable

wages; and

WHEREAS: The Alaska State Legislature included an increase of \$3.4 million for Compact

implementation funds for FY 2022, which was vetoed by the Governor's Office.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives affirm continued support of the Alaska Tribal Child Welfare

Compact; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives Urge the Alaska State Legislature and the Executive Branch to increase funding for the Alaska Tribal Child Welfare Compact, to effect full and successful implementation.

SUBMITTED BY: ASSOCIATION OF VILLAGE COUNCIL PRESIDENTS

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

CONVENTION ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: ENCOURAGING COLORECTAL CANCER SCREENING, TOBACCO CESSATION AND RESEARCH

TO ADDRESS THE DISPROPORTIONATE IMPACT OF CANCER AMONG ALASKA NATIVE

PEOPLE

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: A report released by the Alaska Native Tribal Health Consortium capturing 50 years of

data shows that cancer is a major concern to and remains a leading cause of death among Alaska Native people, including colorectal cancer and tobacco-related cancer;

and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native people have the highest incidence of colorectal cancer in the world and

are diagnosed with and die of colorectal cancer at rates twice that of White people in

the U.S.; and

WHEREAS: Colorectal cancer can be prevented or cured if detected early by diagnostic screenings;

and

WHEREAS: Colorectal cancer screening throughout the Alaska Tribal Health System is highly variable

with an average colorectal cancer screening rate of around 60%, while the national Healthy People 2030 goal for colorectal cancer screening is 74.4% at a minimum; and

WHEREAS: There is a national effort to increase colorectal cancer screening rates to over 80% in

every community throughout the country; and

WHEREAS: Tobacco use is associated with an increased risk of colorectal and other cancers; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native people have the highest rate of tobacco use in the state of Alaska with 2

out of every 5 Alaska Native adults smoking cigarettes and 1 in 10 using smokeless

tobacco; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native people are disproportionately impacted by tobacco-related diseases

incomparison to non-Alaska Native people; and

WHEREAS: The health of our people is of utmost importance and Alaska Native people have taken a

lead in addressing health issues throughout the years; and

WHEREAS: Reaching the colorectal cancer screening goal of 80% in every community will help

protect the health of our families, elders, and community members; and

WHEREAS: Reducing tobacco use among Alaska Native people will help protect the health of our

children, grandchildren, families, and community members; and

WHEREAS: More cancer research would help to understand why Alaska Native people are

disproportionately affected by cancer and help improve cancer prevention efforts; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native people should be supported in participating in cancer research studies to

improve cancer prevention and early detection in Alaska Native people.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates to the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives support addressing the disproportionate burden of cancer among Alaska Native people by increasing colorectal cancer screening rates to 80% in every

community; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of

Natives support increasing tobacco cessation efforts in every community to decrease the

burden of tobacco-related cancers; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of

Natives support further research into the causes and prevention of cancer and participation in cancer research to improve the health of Alaska Native people.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

EDUCATION



TITLE: MAKING ALASKA NATIVE LANGUAGE CLASSES MANDATORY FOR K-12 STATE OF ALASKA

PUBLIC SCHOOLS

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The First Alaskans Institute Elders & Youth Conference is the largest statewide convening

of Alaska Native Elders and youth representing our diverse Alaska Native cultures and language groups to enhance and perpetuate the unique spirits and identities ofour

peoples; and

WHEREAS: The purpose of the Conference is to connect Elders and youth for cultural knowledge

transmission, strengthen statewide relationships, amplify the power of our participants as leaders today, and advance solutions to challenges faced by our Native peoples and

our communities; and

WHEREAS: While most school curricula are professionally developed, printed, and bound, cultural

and bi-lingual education classes are often treated as extracurricular, relying on materials developed by individual teachers and printed in schools. This disparity in materials

translates to Alaska Native children as the inferiority of one's cultural identity; and

WHEREAS: To provide accessibility to entire student bodies, increased teacher preparation and

full-time positions in Alaska Native Language teaching are needed across Alaska Public

Schools; and

WHEREAS: In 2012, the Alaska State Legislature passed Senate Bill 130 into law. The bill established

the Alaska Native Language Preservation & Advisory Council (ANL PAC) to assess the state of Alaska Native Languages, reevaluate the programs within the state, and make recommendations to the Governor and Legislature to establish new programs or reorganize the current programs. In 2014, the Alaska State Legislature passed House Bill 216, which officially recognizes 20 Alaska Native Languages as official languages of the

State of Alaska. In September 2018, the Governor of the State of Alaska signed Administrative Order 300, declaring a state of linguistic emergency for Alaska's Indigenous languages, and the 2018 ANL PAC report to the Governor recommending

increased learning opportunities for individuals; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native Ways of Knowing and Learning, Ways of Being and Value Systems, are

parallel and equal to any other, and should be respected and supported; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native Ways, Knowledges, and Understandings add to the incredible diversity and

richness of our great state and nation. Alaska Native communities need support for local initiatives to restore and enhance cultural and language programs in all schools, as fully equal, fully supported aspects of our school systems as COVID-19 have further

endangered our languages and cultural retention.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of Alaska

Federation of Natives urge the Association of Alaska School Boards and Alaska Department of Education and Early Development to make mandatory two years of study in an Alaska Native Language in order to graduate high school; Local school boards and Alaska Department of Education and Early Development utilize available federal funds to pay for the development of curriculum; new K-12 curriculum focused on Alaska Native cultures and history be created and implemented through all grade levels by reaching out to culture bearers and Native leaders in each community, and upon receiving final

approval from Tribal leaders; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives call upon parents and community members, our Tribes, regional nonprofits and

for-profits, Association of Alaska School Boards and Alaska Department of Education and Early Development, Alaska Tribal Unity, and the Alaska Native Language Preservation & Advisory Council to consider and approve this resolution, as well as the Speaker of the House, the House of Representatives of the Alaska Legislature, Alaska

Senate, and the Alaska Senate President.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: BRINGING OUR CHILDREN HOME FROM CARLISLE INDIAN INDUSTRIAL TRAINING

SCHOOL

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The First Alaskans Institute Elders & Youth Conference is the largest statewide convening

of Alaska Native Elders and youth representing our diverse Alaska Native cultures and language groups in order to enhance and perpetuate the unique spirits and identities of

our peoples; and

WHEREAS: The purpose of the Conference is to connect Elders and youth for cultural knowledge

transmission, strengthen statewide relationships, amplify the power of our participants as leaders today, and advance solutions to challenges faced by our Native peoples and

our communities; and

WHEREAS: The bodies of 13 children from Alaska Native villages have been discovered at or near

Carlisle Indian Industrial School in Carlisle, Pennsylvania. Currently the remains of two children, our Alaska Native Ancestors, have been or are being returned to Alaska, one to

the Pribilofs and one to Ketchikan; and

WHEREAS: The return of these Ancestral remains to their home origins will begin a path of healing

from intergenerational trauma for our living and future generations and families, and this effort will be stronger because of the inter-generational guidance, support, and

involvement of Alaska Native Elders and Youth; and

WHEREAS: The Army Corps of Engineers has funding available to assist with the process of returning

the remains, and the children and their home villages have been identified by the Carlisle Indian Industrial Boarding School with the help of Alaska Native peoples.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives support the efforts to bring our children home from their boarding school experience and return their remains to their families, homes, and/or Tribes with

the funding from the Army Corps of Engineers and other relevant entities.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of

Natives support the work of the National Native American Boarding School Healing

Coalition, and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives encourage the Alaska Department of Education & Early Development to support school district inclusion of the NNABSHC Truth and Healing Curriculum.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS



TITLE: PROVIDING FOR TECHNOLOGY TRAINING AND TECHNICAL SUPPORT FOR ALASKA NATIVE

ELDERS AND YOUTH

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: The mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political

voice of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The First Alaskans Institute Elders & Youth Conference is the largest statewide convening

of Alaska Native Elders and youth representing our diverse Alaska Native cultures and language groups in order to enhance and perpetuate the unique spirits and identities of

our peoples; and

WHEREAS: The purpose of the Conference is to connect Elders and youth for cultural knowledge

transmission, strengthen statewide relationships, amplify the power of our participants as leaders today, and advance solutions to challenges faced by our Native peoples and

our communities; and

WHEREAS: The Conference is a 4-day event starting on a Sunday and ending on a Wednesday and

previously held at various locations in Alaska which allowed Elders and presenters to adequately engage with our youth to teach, and to learn from youth what issues are worth fighting for. This was done by in-person attendance, socializing, programs, events,

and activities that support health, language, education, laws and policies, and more; and

WHEREAS: Numerous other conferences, activities, events, and programs are held online and

require computer knowledge, skills, and abilities to fully express our thoughts, feelings,

emotions, and ideas to sustain our lives, and educate our own minds. This online environment can also make it harder to understand the full true meaning of our Elder and youth experiences, and in some instances, lack of this knowledge and access to technology could contribute to the end of a people's cultural and traditional ways; and

WHEREAS: The Indigenous people of Alaska are represented by 229 tribal governments, 12 ANCSA

corporations, 198 village corporations, 11 non-profits, and many Native allies who can

collaborate and support this need; and

WHEREAS: Tribal governments across Alaska and ANCSA Corporations could provide funding to

organizations and businesses to train Elders and Youth at various dates and times,

coordinated with events, for this and future generations.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives call on our Tribal Governments, ANCSA regional and village corporations, non-profits, and Native allies provide funding and training to Alaska Native Elders and Youth across the state to ensure that they are comfortable using and accessing technology to continue to learn and teach our Native languages, cultures, and ways of life; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that our Tribal Governments, ANCSA regional and village corporations, non-profits, and Native allies will also encourage ongoing technical support to Alaska Native Elders and Youth so they can thrive in the online environment, as tribal broadband is built out across the state; and

BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that the entities named above use COVID-19 and broadband funding to cover costs for this training and support wherever possible.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA CORPORATION COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMEND TO PASS BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: ALASKA NATIVE ENTITIES ADVOCATING FOR FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL INVESTMENT

INTO ALASKA NATIVE-LED AND OWNED K-12 EDUCATION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: The mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political

voice of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The First Alaskans Institute Elders & Youth Conference is the largest statewide convening

of Alaska Native Elders and youth representing our diverse Alaska Native cultures and language groups in order to enhance and perpetuate the unique spirits and identities of

our peoples; and

WHEREAS: The purpose of the Conference is to connect Elders and youth for cultural knowledge

transmission, strengthen statewide relationships, amplify the power of our participants as leaders today, and advance solutions to challenges faced by our Native peoples and

our communities; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native Regional and Village Corporations and other entities have created,

supported, and invested in funding to further success for students in post-secondary education arenas such as vocational technologies, college, and/or career training; and

WHEREAS: Alaska Native youth are bright, hardworking, and fully capable students who are

currently underserved by the existing K-12 education systems and educational spaces; there is not widespread access to educational environments that reflect Alaska Native students and make them feel valued; the State of Alaska is obligated to provide for

public education that meets the needs of students; and

WHEREAS: A strong positive K-12 educational experience helps create success for the youth as they

transition into adulthood; and is critical for economic stability.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives call on the Alaska Native Regional and Village Corporations, Tribes, and other Alaska Native entities to work together to advocate for federal, state, and local investment in K-12 education that includes building infrastructure, Alaska Native

Language coursework, and curriculum that teaches through Indigenous ways of knowing in a manner that builds capacity for Tribal and Alaska Native-driven and owned K-12 education.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA CORPORATION COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMEND TO PASS BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022

LAND, ENERGY, & NATURAL RESOURCES



TITLE: EXPANDING THE BIA TRIBAL RESILIENCE PROGRAM

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act - Title V provides for \$216M in funding to the

Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) from FY2022 to FY2026 for the purpose of: "tribal climate resilience, adaptation, and community relocation planning, design, and implementation of projects which address the varying climate challenges facing tribal communities

across the country"; and

WHEREAS: AFN supports the use of the BIA funding for tribal communities considering relocation

driven by environmental threats whether driven by "climate challenges", or not; and

WHEREAS: AFN recommends to BIA that the definition of community relocation should include

both an entire community (i.e. Newtok, AK and Isle de Jean Charles, LA), or only portions

of a community that are threatened (i.e. Akiak, AK and Taholah, WA; and

WHEREAS: AFN recommends that BIA develop prioritization methodologies for assigning the

funding, such as the Denali Commission State-wide Threat Assessment; and

WHEREAS: AFN recommends that BIA develop a project scoring rubric so that tribes and tribal

organizations know how proposals will be evaluated; and

WHEREAS: AFN recommends that BIA fund FEMA hazard mitigation plan (HMP) updates, as a first

priority, for all tribes with an HMP that has lapsed or will soon to lapse, so that tribes can compete for disaster resilience funding from the FEMA Building Resilience Infrastructure

and Communities program; and

WHEREAS: AFN recommends that BIA, as a second priority, fund pre-construction project

development costs so that construction and implementation funding does not remain unused - for years - while permits, designs and site control matters, as an example, are

addressed (i.e. allow for phased project development); and

WHEREAS: pre-construction tasks include, but are not limited to: site control and easements, legal

and topographic surveying, subdivision platting, infrastructure design, permitting, NEPA and SHPO documentation, existing structures analysis for flood stage - finished floor elevations and relocation for FEMA acquisition and appraisal process, FEMA hazard

mitigation plan development including annual updates, incorporation of other community planning documents (energy, transportation, housing, sanitation, wildfire community plans, vulnerability assessments to the built environment, etc.), tribal capacity building and development of partnerships, community and stakeholder engagement, project management, and crafting construction contract solicitations.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual AFN Convention urge that Bureau of Indian Affairs incorporates construction and implementation principles in the deployment of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act funds for efficient project development including the FEMA HMP process.

SUBMITTED BY: NATIVE VILLAGE OF AKIAK

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022



TITLE: SUPPORT OF DEFENDING THE POWER COST EQUALIZATION FUND

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The State of Alaska has made significant investment in urban energy projects to provide

affordable infrastructure for Urban Alaska; and

WHEREAS: Fuel cost components are nearly four times greater in rural Alaska than its urban

centers; and

WHEREAS: Power Cost Equalization (PCE) was established in 1984 as a permanent solution for rural

Alaska, which "equalizes" electric rates in rural Alaska to the average cost of power in

Anchorage, Fairbanks, and Juneau; and

WHEREAS: Due to annual funding battles which threatened the longevity and viability of the PCE,

the PCE Endowment Fund was established in 2000; and

WHEREAS: PCE reduces the high cost of electricity in rural Alaska for residential and community

facility customers and served 81,700 Alaskans in 192 communities in Fiscal Year 2020;

and

WHEREAS: In Fiscal Year 2020, approximately \$29 million in payments were made on behalf of

customers in rural Alaska; and

WHEREAS: Without PCE, residential electricity bills in rural Alaska will double, and other utilities

such as water plants and sewage treatment centers which use large amounts of energy

to operate, will also be impacted; and

WHEREAS: AFN, tribes, tribal organizations, municipalities, and utility companies have successfully

sued the State of Alaska to prevent "sweeping" PCE funds into the Congressional Budget

Reserve.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska

Federation of Natives commend AFN and all co-plaintiffs for their diligent defense of the

Power Cost Equalization Fund (PCE); and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 AFN Annual Convention support the continued implementation of Power Cost Equalization and the protection of the Power Cost Equalization Fund; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT FINALLY RESOLVED that AFN continues working with tribes, tribal organizations, the Legislature, and other entities as necessary to protect the right to affordable energy in rural Alaska.

SUBMITTED BY: ASSOCIATION OF VILLAGE COUNCIL PRESIDENTS

COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMEND TO PASS

CONVENTION ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022

ECONOMIC



TITLE: SUPPORT FOR THE TRIBAL TOURISM SOVEREIGNTY ACT

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: AFN's mission is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic and political voice of

the entire Alaska Native community, and its goals include: advocating for Alaska Natives with respect to federal laws; fostering and encouraging preservation of Alaska Native cultures; promoting understanding of the economic needs of Alaska Natives and encouraging development consistent with those needs; protecting, retaining and enhancing all lands owned by Alaska Natives and their organizations; and promoting and

advocating for programs and systems that instill pride and confidence in individual

Alaska Natives; and

WHEREAS: The period defined by the COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted the resilience and shared

sacrifice of the Alaska Native community, which has developed innovative tools to pursue economic development and prosperity for the Alaska Native community and all

of Alaska; and

WHEREAS: COVID-19 exposed critical vulnerabilities in Alaska's economy, including in particular the

requirements of the Passenger Vessel Services Act (PVSA), which governs the transport

of passengers between ports or places in the United States; and

WHEREAS: The PVSA, enacted in 1886, is protectionist legislation that was intended to protect

American industry and American jobs associated with shipbuilding and crewing; and

WHEREAS: To avoid violating the PVSA, large cruise ships must visit a foreign port at some point

during their voyage, which, for cruises to Alaska, requires a stop in Canada; and

WHEREAS: Large passenger ships have not been built in the United States for over 60 years, with

the last large passenger liner constructed in the United States completed in 1958; and

WHEREAS: During the period of the pandemic, including a period after which the U.S. Federal

Government permitted resumption of cruising in the United States, Canada's ports were

closed to cruise ships, making visits to Alaska by such vessels impossible without a

change to the PVSA; and

WHEREAS: Alaska's Congressional delegation successfully pursued the enactment of the

AlaskaTourism Restoration Act, originally introduced by Senators Murkowski and

Sullivan, which established a short-term exemption from the PVSA for cruises

transporting

passengers to Alaska from the rest of the U.S. and thereby saved a portion of the 2021 summer cruise season; and

WHEREAS: The return of cruise ships to Alaska brought much-needed economic activity to the region, including Icy Strait Point, a port wholly owned by Huna Totem Corporation, the Alaska Native village corporation for Hoonah, Alaska; and

WHEREAS: The difficult effort to enact the short-term PVSA waiver served as a reminder that, in the future, Alaska cannot allow such a vital portion of its economy to be held hostage by an outdated federal law that has failed to achieve the purpose for which it was intended; and

WHEREAS: With the expiration of the Alaska Tourism Restoration Act, Canada will once again have de facto veto authority over Alaska's cruise industry and, with it, a significant portion of Alaska's tourism economy; and

WHEREAS: On July 27, 2021, Congressman Don Young introduced the Tribal Tourism Sovereignty Act, H.R. 4733, which would establish that foreign-flagged passenger vessels that call on ports or places in the United States owned by federally recognized Indian Tribes or Alaska Native Corporations would be compliant with the PVSA's foreign-stop requirement; and

WHEREAS: In Alaska, passage of the Tribal Tourism Sovereignty Act would mean that voyages would no longer have to stop in or originate in Canada and cruises could start and end in Alaska, maximizing their time in our state and opening new economic development opportunities for Alaska Natives; and

WHEREAS: The Tribal Tourism Sovereignty Act also would benefit tribal communities in the Lower 48 states by creating port development opportunities for Tribes in Washington, Oregon, the Great Lakes, the Northeast, and potentially other areas.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives urge Congress to enact the Tribal Tourism Sovereignty Act as a means of supporting Alaska's tourism economy and creating new economic development opportunities for Alaska Natives; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives urge Congress to appropriate funding for Alaska Native tribes and Alaska Native Corporation to develop ports within their home communities.

SUBMITTED BY: HUNA TOTEM CORPORATION, SEALASKA CORPORATION/SEALASKA HERITAGE

INSTITUTE COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022

ANCSA/TRIBAL



TITLE: A RESOLUTION IN SUPPORT OF LEGISLATION EXPANDING SELF-GOVERNANCE IN THE

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: The mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political

voice of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: The Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (ISDEAA) authorizes Tribes

and Tribal organizations to be funded by the federal government to provide services that the Federal government would otherwise be obligated to provide due to the trust and

treaty obligations of the United States; and

WHEREAS: Self-determination and self-governance under the ISDEAA have led to a significant

improvement in the daily lives of American Indians and Alaska Natives; and

WHEREAS: The success of the ISDEAA prompted Congress in 2000 to establish permanent Tribal

Self-Governance in the Indian Health Service (IHS) in Title V of the ISDEAA; and

WHEREAS: Title V authorizes participating Tribes to redesign IHS programs, and redirect

fundssupporting those programs, in any manner that the Tribes determine is in

the bestinterest of their communities; and

WHEREAS: In Title VI of the ISDEAA, enacted in 2000, Congress envisioned expanding

Self-Governance to include grant programs administered by other agencies within the

Department of Health and Human Services (HHS); and

WHEREAS: In 2003, HHS issued a study concluding such an expansion was feasible and identifying

eleven HHS programs that could be integrated into Self-Governance; and

WHEREAS: In 2004, the Senate considered legislation to authorize a demonstration project

implementing Title VI, but that legislation was not enacted; and

WHEREAS: Expansion of Self-Governance within HHS is the next logical step to promote tribal

sovereignty improve health care services and has remained a top legislative priority of

Tribes; and

WHEREAS: Tribes have drafted legislation, modeled on the 2004 Senate bill, that would establish

ademonstration project expanding Self-Governance to specified programs

administeredby non-IHS agencies within HHS.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives fully support the introduction and enactment of legislation establishing a demonstration project to implement Title VI of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act.

SUBMITTED BY: COUNCIL FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF ALASKA NATIVES

COMMITTEE ACTION: RECOMMEND TO PASS BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022

OTHER



TITLE: SUPPORT FOR ALASKA LEGAL SERVICES CORPORATION

WHEREAS: The Alaska Federation of Natives (AFN) is the largest statewide Native organization in

Alaska, and its membership includes 158 federally recognized tribes, 141 village

corporations, 10 regional corporations, and 12 regional nonprofit and tribal consortiums

that contract and compact to run federal and state programs; and

WHEREAS: the mission of AFN is to enhance and promote the cultural, economic, and political voice

of the entire Alaska Native community; and

WHEREAS: for over 50 years, Alaska Legal Services Corporation (ALSC) has ensured fairness for all in

the justice system by providing access to free civil legal help for Alaskans who cannot afford it; and WHEREAS: civil legal aid protects the livelihood, health and safety of Alaskans and helps them to avoid eviction, illegal dismissal from employment, domestic

violence, and denial of healthcare and lawful benefits; and

WHEREAS: civil legal aid protects the livelihood, health, and safety of Alaskans and helps them to

avoid eviction, illegal dismissal from employment, domestic violence, and denial of

healthcare and lawful benefits; and

WHEREAS: ALSC's lawyers in eleven offices around the state serve a population of over 108,650

Alaskans living below 125% of the poverty threshold, including more than 31,600 Alaska

Natives; and ALSC's lawyers in twelve offices and medical-legal partnership sites embedded within tribal healthcare facilities around the state serve a population of 131,270 Alaskans living below 125% of the poverty threshold, including more than

31,504 Alaska Natives; and

WHEREAS: ALSC has been a strong ally of the Alaska Native community through landmark court

cases such as Alvarado v. State, Carle v. Carle, Aguchak v. Montgomery Ward, Allakaket v. Hickel, John v. Baker; State v. Native Village of Tanana, Simmonds v. Parks, Native Village of Tununak v. State of Alaska, State of Alaska v. Central Council of Tlingit and Haida Indian Tribes of Alaska, Akiakchak Native Community v. U.S. Department of the Interior;

and

WHEREAS: several regional nonprofits including: Bristol Bay Native Association, Association of

Village Council Presidents, the Tanana Chiefs Conference and Maniilaq Association partner with ALSC to support local ALSC offices and staff in the communities of Bethel,

Dillingham, Fairbanks, Nome and Kotzebue; and

WHEREAS: several regional for-profits have provided significant financial and in-kind support to

ALSC's regional offices: including Arctic Slope Regional Corporation, CIRI, Inc. Bering

Straits Native Corporation, Bristol Bay Native Corporation, Doyon, Ltd, and the Sitnasuak Native Corporation; and

WHEREAS:

several tribal governments including the Central Council of Tlingit-Haida Indian tribes of Alaska, the Kenaitze Indian Tribe, the Inupiaq Community of the Arctic Slope, the Nome Eskimo Community, and Orutsararmiut Native Council have also provided financial support for and partnered with ALSC; and

WHEREAS:

since 1984 when ALSC received an appropriation from the state of Alaska of \$1.2 Million to serve a population of 41,000 people eligible for ALSC's services, the number of Alaskans eligible for ALSC's help has more than doubled, yet the state's current contribution to ALSC is less than what it was 38 years ago; and

WHEREAS:

the state of Alaska did make an appropriation to ALSC for fiscal year (FY) 2021, in the amount of \$711,000, which is far less than what is needed to assure that all Alaskans have access to equal justice and it is unclear whether this will be sustained in future fiscal years; and

WHEREAS:

the vast majority of ALSC's cases involve the basic human necessities of family safety, shelter, food, access to medical care, and income maintenance; and

WHEREAS:

a 2017 report by the Alaska Court System Access to Justice Committee estimates that an individual Alaskan experiences 2.1 legal issues every eighteen months and ALSC's current funding levels only stretch far enough to help about 7,315 people living in over 200 communities each year; and

WHEREAS:

ALSC must turn away over half of the qualified individuals each year with critical legal needs due to its limited resources; and

WHEREAS:

every additional \$100,000 of funding enables ALSC to directly benefit 182 more people.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the delegates of the 2021 Annual Convention of the Alaska Federation of Natives urge the Governor of Alaska to retain the appropriation for ALSC in his proposed State FY 2023 budget, and urge the Alaska Legislature to appropriate that funding, and urge Congress to award sufficient funding to the federal Legal Services Corporation to support Alaska Legal Services Corporation's mission of providing free legal services on vital issues to low-income Alaskans.

SUBMITTED BY: SEALASKA CORPORATION

COMMITTEE ACTION: PASS

BOARD ACTION: PASSED ON FEBRUARY 15, 2022